FACT SHEET Concussion Recovery.



A concussion affects a person's ability to think and move. To ensure a full recovery and get safely back to school, work and sport it's important to follow best practice. This means following the Graduated Return to Learn/Work protocol, and completing the Graduated Return to Play if returning to sport.

Graduated Return to Learn/Work (GRTL/W)

You may need to miss a few days of school/work. You must be completely back to school/work before you return to sport. Start gradually, if something makes your symptoms worse, stop that activity and rest until you feel better.

| Stage | 2 | Activity at Each Step | Goals of Each Stage |
|-------|--|---|---|
| 1 | Things that do not give you symptoms | Things you would normally do (e.g. reading, texting, screen time) as long as they do not increase symptoms (e.g. headaches, dizziness, fatigue). Start with 5-15 min at a time and gradually build up | No symptoms with things that you would do at home |
| 2 | School / work activities at home | Reading, checking emails, homework or other thinking tasks | No symptoms with school or work tasks completed at home |
| 3 | Return to school/work part-time | Gradually return to school/work. May need to start with a half day at school/work or take breaks during the day | Return gradually, guided by symptoms. Start part- time and take breaks when needed |
| 4 | Return to school / work full-time | Gradually return to school/work until a full day can be tolerated, may need to take breaks during the day to rest your brain | Return to school/work full-time guided by symptoms |

If you continue to have symptoms with mental activity, stop the activity until symptoms ease, or consider doing the following:

- Start school/work later, only going for half days, or going only to certain classes.
- Allow extra time to finish projects/tasks.
- Work in a quiet room and avoid noisy areas.
- Take regular breaks during the day.
- Avoid doing more than one exam per day.
- Complete repetition/memory cue exercises.
- Use a student helper/tutor.

Graduated Return to Play (GRTP)

New Zealand Rugby's GRTP protocol is a good guide to follow for all sports-related concussions. The mandatory stand-down period is 23 days for people under 19, and 21 days for people 19 and over. This is because children and adolescents often take longer to recover.

Remember these timeframes are a minimum. You may need to spend longer in each stage depending on how you feel. If at any stage you feel worse, you need to return to the previous stage until you feel better.

| Stage | | What to Do | Coole | Timeframes | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|--|---|------------|---------|--|--|
| | | | Goals | Under 19 | 19 + | | |
| 1 | Rest / No activity | Mental and physical rest | Avoid physical activity, thinking tasks and screens | 2 Days | 2 Days | | |
| 2 | Light to moderate exercise | Symptom-guided activities such as walking, jogging or stationary cycling | Increase heart rate | 14 Days | 14 Days | | |
| 3 | Moderate to high exercise | Running drills, no impact activities | Increased heart rate and movement | 2 Days | 1 Day | | |
| 4 | Non-contact training drills | Progression to more complex training drills: passing, catching, weight training | Exercise, coordination and thinking components | 2 Days | 1 Day | | |
| Obtain medical clearance from a doctor | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Full contact practice | May participate in normal training activities (contact training) | Restore confidence and assess function skills by coaching staff | 2 Days | 2 Days | | |
| 6 | After 24 hrs return to play | Player rehabilitated | Recover and return to play | 1 Day | 1 Day | | |

In some cases, symptoms may be prolonged or a gradual return to activity may not be tolerated. If recovery is lengthy, a concussion specialist or clinic can help with rehabilitation. If you are under 19 and still having symptoms after 4 weeks or over 19 and still having symptoms after 2 weeks you need to go back to your doctor.